

Lecture 42: Wrap-Up & Summary

CS 51G
Spring 2018
Kim Bruce

Announcements

- The final exam is on Wednesday, Dec 14, from 9 to noon.
- Sample Final Exam on exams web page
 - No solutions
- Copies of the Objectdraw, File, and GUI cheat sheets for the exam will be available as needed.
- All Grace but one question on analyzing/ translating Python to Grace.

Final Exam Topics

- Recursion
- Lists & Matrices
- Inheritance
- Using GUI components
- Strings
- Searching and Sorting
- Files & Exceptions

Final Exam Topics

- Explaining Python and/or Python to Grace
- Other materials from earlier in the semester (but most emphasis on above topics)
- Office hours/review session to be announced (perhaps Friday afternoon?)

Final Exam

- Time likely won't be an issue, but will likely find it very challenging. It will require a lot of studying.
- How to study:
 - Understand your own programs
 - Understand my sample code
 - Work problems from back of text -- solutions on line!.
- When done studying, try final on line
- Studying in groups is effective if all participate

What do you Know?

- Good exposure to object-oriented programming, but still lots to learn about design.
- Should find it easy to transition to languages like Python, Java, C#, Swift
- C and C++ much harder and more complicated.
- CS 54 will teach functional language
- CS 62: Java, CS 105: some C,

Principles

- KISS: Keep It Simple Stupid (US Navy)
 - Make everything as simple as possible, but not simpler
 - Einstein
- Test every line of code as it is written
 - Test-driven development
- Keep public interface of classes as small as possible so can make changes w/out affecting others.

Problems Requested

- Exercise 11.1.3
- Exercise 16.7.6. & Question 5 from sample exam

Anonymous Functions In Grace

- Expression of form `{n: Number -> ...}` is anonymous function.
 - Object with an apply method:
 - `{n: Number -> print(n * n)}.apply(7)` prints 49
 - `{...}` is parameterless function `{x > 0}.apply` gives true/false
 - Use in for loops
 - `for(1..10) do {n: Number -> print(n*n)}`
 - `for` is a method: method `for (e:List[[T]]) do (b: BlockID[[T]])` where `BlockID[[T]]` has `apply` function that takes argument of type `T` and returns `Done`.

Add Functionality

- Can add new control structures to Grace
 - Add `do{...} while {...}` method:
 - method `do{blk:BlockID[[T]]} while(cond: Blko[[Boolean]]) → Done {
blk.apply
while(cond) do (blk)`

Questions?