CS159 - Maximum Entropy Lab Monday, Mar. 7

In this class/lab, we're going to be playing with some of the machine learning techniques that we've been talking about in class, in particular, we're going to compare Naive Bayes (NB) versus Maximum Entropy (MaxEnt) for name gender identification.

Both of these models allow us to classify multiple examples and both models are also probabilistic classifiers. However, there are some difference. NB is a generative model, modeling the joint distribution of p(label, features) and NB also has the naive bayes assumption that the features are independent given the class. MaxEnt on the other hand is a discriminative model, modeling the conditional distribution p(label|features) directly and does not have the restrictions of NB.

1 Name gender identification

Today, we're going to try and classify first names as either male or female. Just to give you a feeling for what the task is and how well people can do it, try and label the following ten names as either male or female (don't peek at the next page until you've got your answers!):

Nettie
Darci
Zalman
Stefa
Caprice
Nikos
Elisa
Winn
Marlyn
Harman

Nettie	female
Darci	female
Zalman	male
Stefa	female
Caprice	female
Nikos	male
Elisa	female
Winn	male
Marlyn	female
Harman	male

How did you do? I'm guessing you were able to identify most if not all correctly (of course, you can always name a male or female any name, but there are definitely certain social conventions). Had you seen all of these names before? If not, how did you know that they were male or female?

2 Data

In /common/cs/cs159/MaxEntLab/data/ I have put the following data files:

- names.train a file containing approximately 7,000 names for training
- names.dev a development set of 500 names
- names.test a test set of 500 names (Do NOT look at this or use this until I tell you to!)

3 Data Analysis

Use grep to separate the male names and the female names. Spend a few minutes looking at the names. Are there certain characteristics that female/male names have? How are the names different? This should motivate features you might use later on.

4 Code

In /common/cs/cs159/MaxEntLab/code/ I have included some code to get you started classifying these examples. You may develop your code either in Eclipse or via the command-line. To get started in Eclipse:

- 1. Create a new Java project in Eclipse
- 2. copy the .java files into your source directory and refresh the project

- 3. Right-click on the project and select "Build Path -> Configure Build Path ..."
- 4. Select the "Libraries" tab and then click the "Add External JARs..." button. Browse to /common/cs/cs159/MaxEnt/code/ and select stanford-classifier.jar.

To get started from the command-line:

- 1. Create a new directory to house the code, etc. and cd into it
- 2. cp all of the files into that directory, included the .jar file
- 3. To compile, you can type: javac -classpath stanford-classifier.jar:. *.java
- 4. and to run: java -classpath stanford-classifier.jar:. NameClassification

5 The current models

The starter code trains a NB model and a MaxEnt model on the training data using 26 features based on the occurrence of each of the 26 letters in the name. The code then classifies the development set and prints out the classification accuracy and the log-prob for both of the models.

I've left in the call to .dump() for the MaxEnt classifier to see what the weightings for the different features are. The magnitude indicates how important the weight/feature is and the sign, whether or not it is an indicator or an inhibitor for that class. Which feature(s) are most indicative of each class? We can also call .dump() on the NB model. Are the most indicative features similar?

6 The best model

For the rest of this lab, I'd like you to try and come up with what you think is your best classifier for both NB and MaxEnt. Do *NOT* look at the test data yet. You should only be playing with the training and development data. The best way to improve your model is to include more features. You can include very specific individual features or you can also include other "groups" of features like I've done with the letter occurrence features.

Be creative and analyze the mistakes that your model is making as well as the parameters learned. If a particular set of features tends to have low weights overall, it may just be confusing the model. The **accuracy** method has a boolean that can be set to **true** to print out the examples that are misclassified. This may also prove useful.

You might also try playing with some of the smoothing parameters for the models, but don't do this until you're pretty comfortable with your features. I've posted the documentation for the classifier code at:

http://www.cs.pomona.edu/classes/cs159/maxentlab/documentation/

When we have about 10-15 minutes left of class, we'll have a competition to see who has the best classifiers.