## CS62 - Cycles

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- Some general things to think about/talk about:
  - What does the method do? Explain what the role of the different parameters is, what is returned and how the method operates.
  - Show some examples both with and without cycles.
  - What is the running time of the method with respect to |V| the number of vertices and |E| the number of edges?
    - \* How many times is each vertex visited? How much work is done per vertex?
    - \* How many times is each edge visited/examined?
- Some specific things to think about/talk about:
  - Why are the visited and adjMap passed by reference? Why can we pass the adjMap parameter as a const, but not the visited parameter?
  - What do the if statements in both methods do? How else could we write this?
  - Why do we need the parent parameter?
  - Why do we pass -1 as the parent in our call to dfs\_hasCycles?
  - What does adjMap.find(v)->second do?

```
bool dfs_hasCycles(int v,
                   int parent,
                   set<int>& visited,
                   const map<int,list<int> >& adjMap) {
  bool result = false;
  visited.insert(v);
  list<int> nbrList = adjMap.find(v)->second;
  for (list<int>::iterator nbr = nbrList.begin(); nbr != nbrList.end(); nbr++){
    if (visited.find(*nbr) != visited.end()){
      result = result || dfs_hasCycles(*nbr, v, visited, adjMap);
    }else if(*nbr != parent){
      // we've visited this node, but it's not our parent, i.e. where we just came fr
      result = true;
    }// else it's the parent
  }
  return result;
}
bool grop_hasCycles(const map<int, list<int> >& adjMap) {
  set<int> visited;
  for (map<int,list<int> >::const_iterator miter = adjMap.begin();
       miter != adjMap.end();
       miter++){
    int v = miter->first;
    if (visited.find(v) == visited.end()) {
      if (dfs_hasCycles(v, -1, visited, adjMap)){
        return true;
      }
    }
  }
  return false;
}
```