

Why are you here?

What is Machine Learning?

Why are you taking this course?

What topics would you like to see covered?

Machine Learning is...

Machine learning is a subfield of computer science that evolved from the study of pattern recognition and computational learning theory in artificial intelligence.



Machine Learning is...

Machine learning is programming computers to optimize a performance criterion using example data or past experience.

-- Ethem Alpaydin

The goal of machine learning is to develop methods that can automatically detect patterns in data, and then to use the uncovered patterns to predict future data or other outcomes of interest.

-- Kevin P. Murphy

The field of pattern recognition is concerned with the automatic discovery of regularities in data through the use of computer algorithms and with the use of these regularities to take actions.

-- Christopher M. Bishop

Machine Learning is...

Machine learning is about predicting the future based on the past. -- Hal Daume III



Machine Learning is... Machine learning is about predicting the future based on the past. -- Hal Daume III past future Training Testing

Data

model/

predictor

model/

Data

predictor

Machine Learning, aka

data mining: data analysis, not prediction, though often involves some shared techniques

inference and/or estimation in statistics

pattern recognition in engineering

signal processing in electrical engineering

induction

optimization

Goals of the course: learn about...

Different machine learning problems

Common techniques/tools used

- □ theoretical understanding
- practical implementation

Proper experimentation and evaluation

Dealing with large (huge) data sets

- Parallelization frameworks
- Programming tools

Goals of the course



Be able to laugh at these signs (or at least know why one might...)

Administrative

Course page:

cs.pomona.edu/~dkauchak/classes/cs158/

Assignments

- Weekly
- Mostly programming (Java, mostly)
 Some written/write-up
- Generally due Sunday evenings

Two "midterm" exams and one final

Late Policy

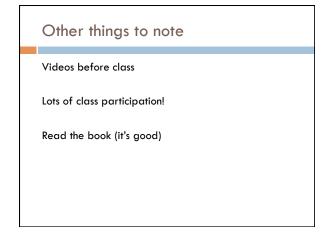
Collaboration

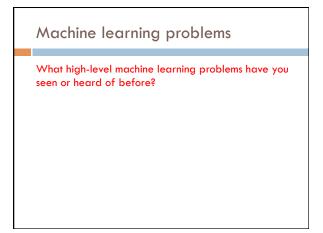
Course expectations

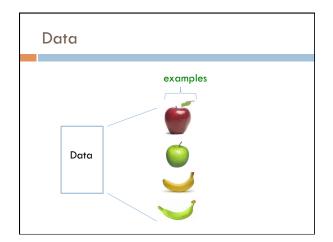
Plan to stay busy!

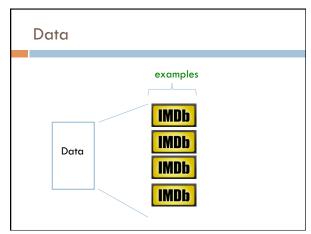
Applied class, so lots of programming

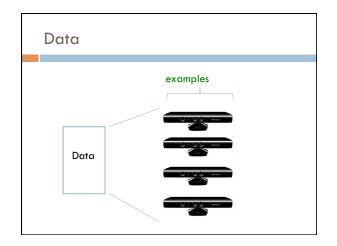
Machine learning involves math

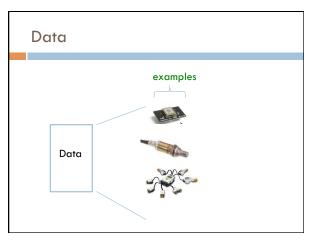


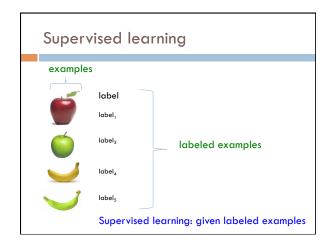


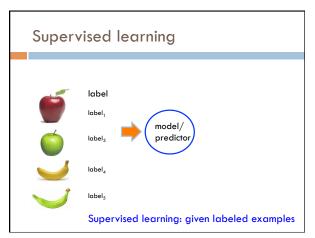


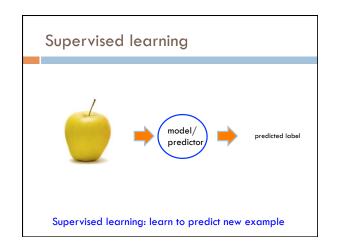


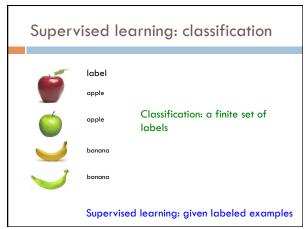


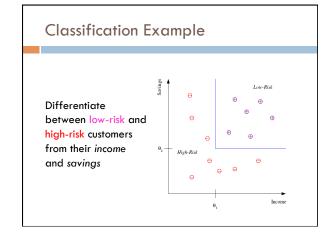


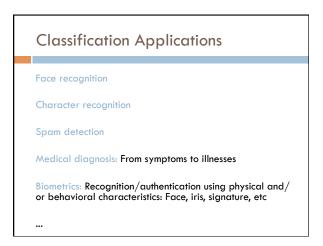


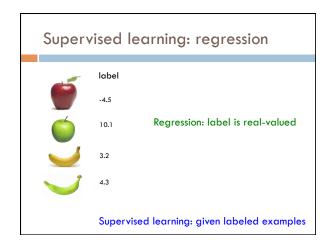


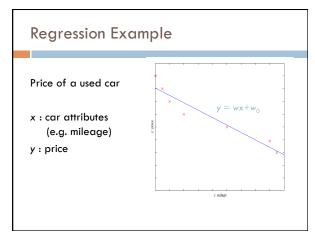




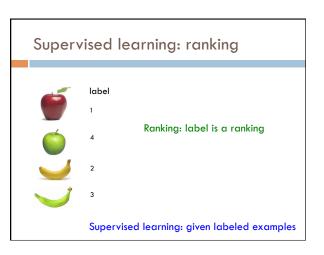


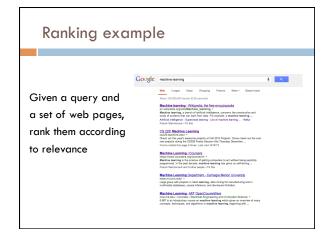


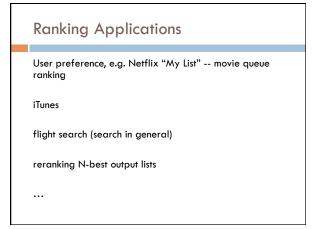


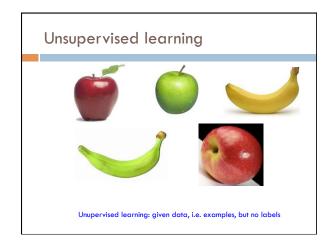


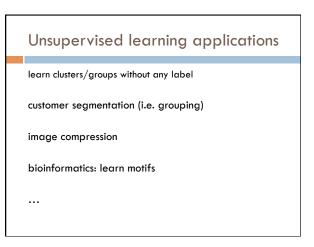
Regression Applications Economics/Finance: predict the value of a stock Epidemiology Car/plane navigation: angle of the steering wheel, acceleration, ... Temporal trends: weather over time ...

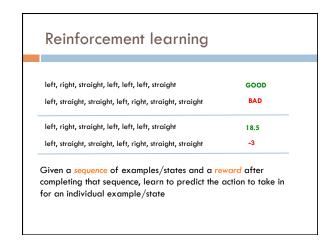


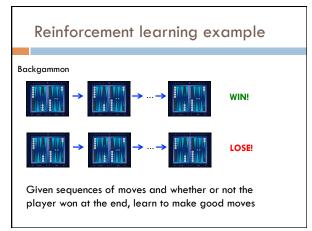




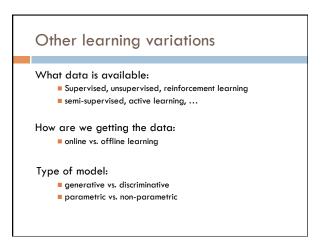


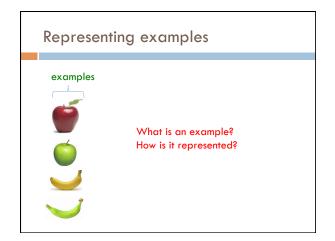


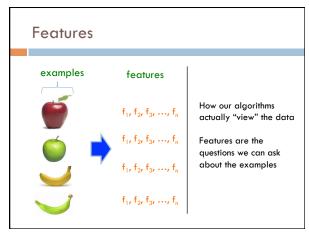


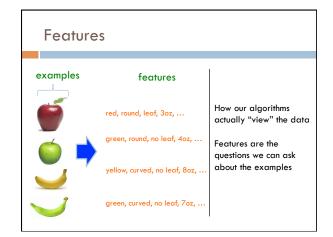


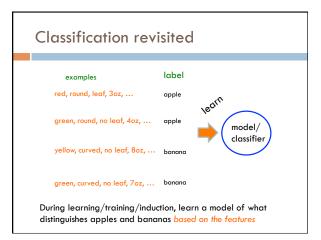


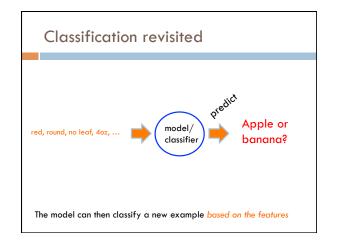


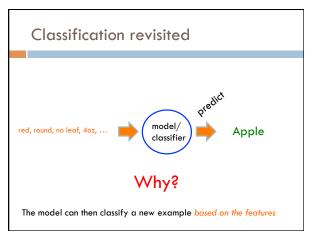


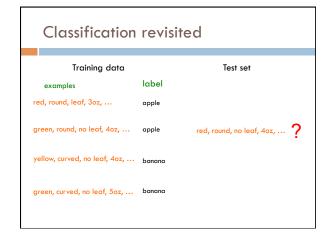


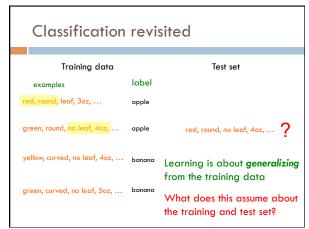


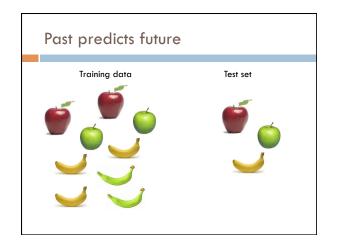


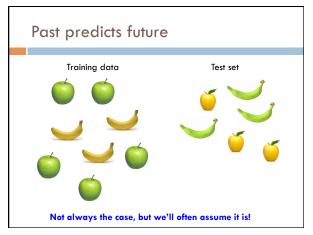


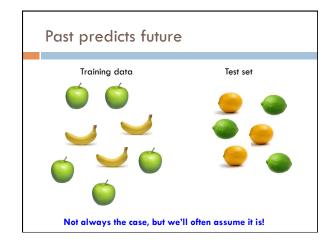












We are going to use the probabilistic model of learning

There is some probability distribution over example/label pairs called the data generating distribution

Both the training data and the test set are generated based on this distribution

What is a probability distribution?

